Name:

Pid: $\qquad$

1. (a) Find a closed formula (no summation signs) for the expression $S(n, n-1)$.
$\square$
(b) Find a closed formula (no summation signs) for the expression $S(n, 3)$.
$\square$
2. Find a closed formula (no summation signs) for the expression $\sum_{k=0}^{n}(-1)^{k}\binom{2 n}{2 k}$.
3. We colored all points of $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ with integer coordinates by one of six colors. Prove that there is a rectangle whose vertices are monochromatic. Can we make the statement stronger by limiting the size of the purported monochromatic rectangle?
4. Prove the following inequality for all integers $n$ and real $x \geq-1,(1+x)^{n} \geq 1+n x$.
